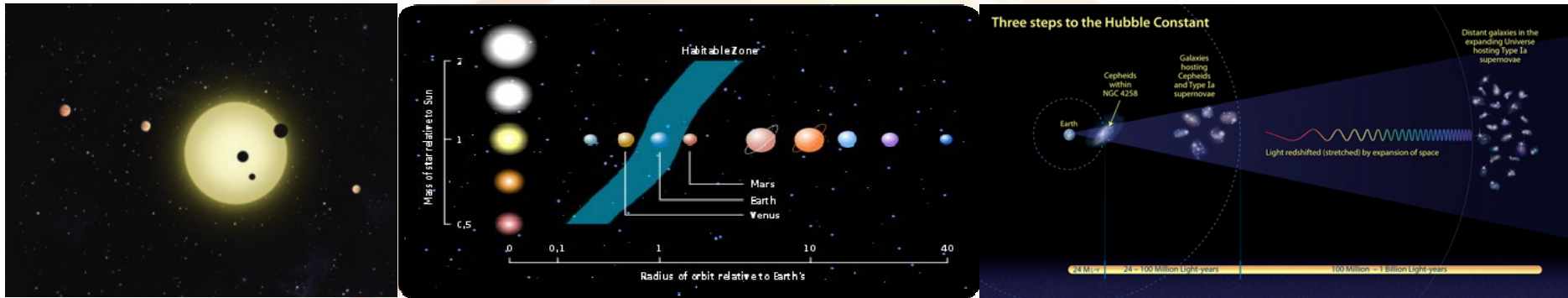


High precision Space Astrometry mission: Search for nearby Terrestrial ExoPlanets(STEP)

Ding Chen (National Space Science Center, CAS)

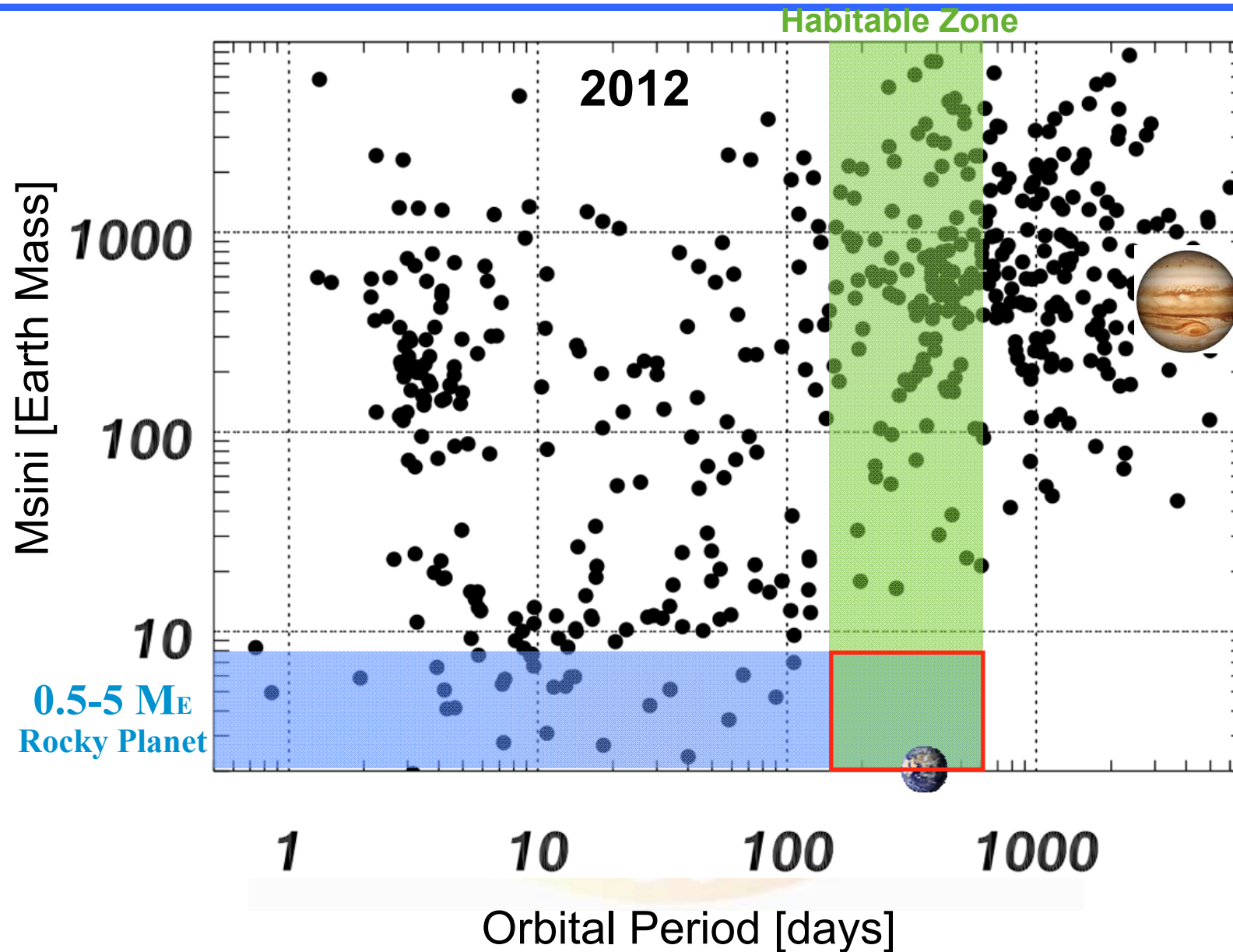
➤ Science Objectives: High-precision Astrometry Mission for Extra-solar Planets detection



- ◆ Search for nearby($d < 20$ pc) habitable earth twins
- ◆ Comprehensive exploration of the structure and diversity of nearby planetary system
- ◆ Calibration of the distance indicators of the universe

(Cepheids, improve the current accuracy from 10% to 0.3%, which will improve all the subsequent steps in the distance scale)

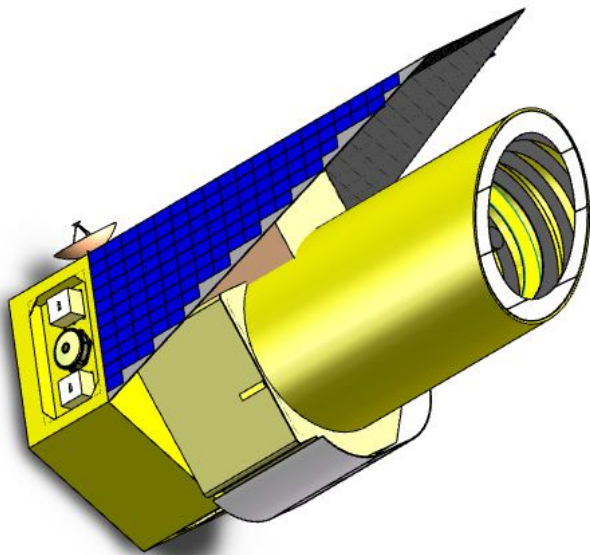
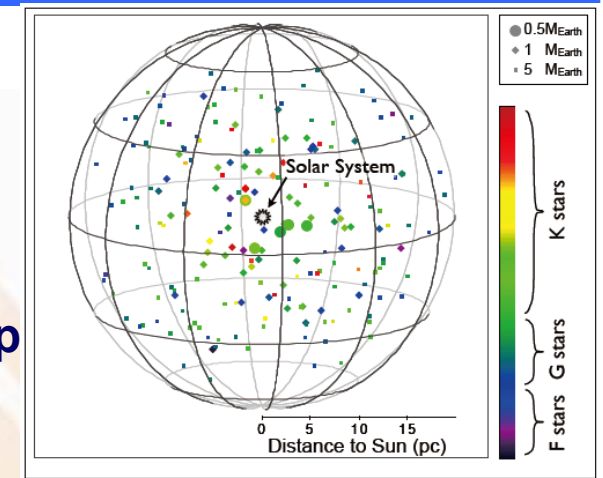
We're Waiting for the First Terrestrial-planet



Search for Terrestrial Exo-Planets(STEP)

➤ Satellite Specifications / Payloads:

- ✓ **Orbit:** Solar-earth L2 Halo
- ✓ **Mass:** 500 kg **Life time:** 5 year
- ✓ **Payloads:** TMA, Cassegrain Astrometric Telescope
(Primary Aperture: 1.2m, $f=50m$, FOV: 0.44°)



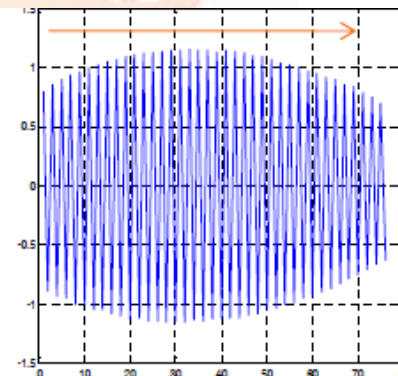
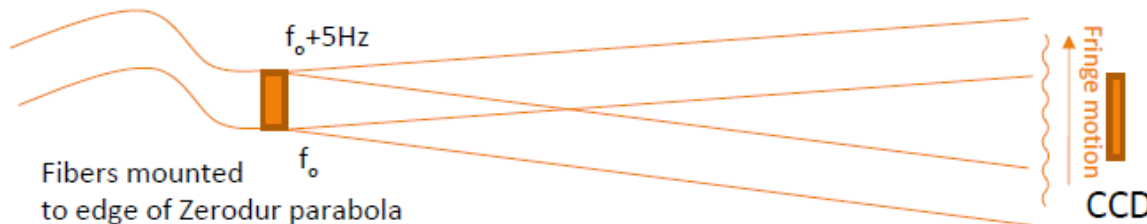
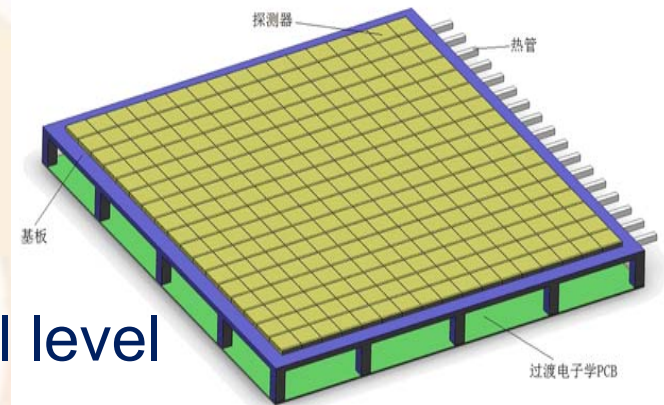
➤ Highlights

- ✓ **Extremely-high-precision(1 uas)** astrometric space mission
- ✓ Able to detect the **habitable** planets at **earth criterion**
- ✓ Get the **actual** planetary masses and the **full orbital geometry** for all components of the detected planetary system

Key Technology in STEP:

Calibrating CCD Centroiding Errors!

- Two/three classes of errors
 - Pixels are not uniformly spaced
 - QE within a pixel is not uniform
 - Error in the assumed PSF
- Measuring Pixel positions at the upixel level
- Measuring QE variations within a pixel
- Nyquist sampling and measuring the PSF.
- 50Hz, Mosaic, 1e read noise, monolithic, no lenslet array



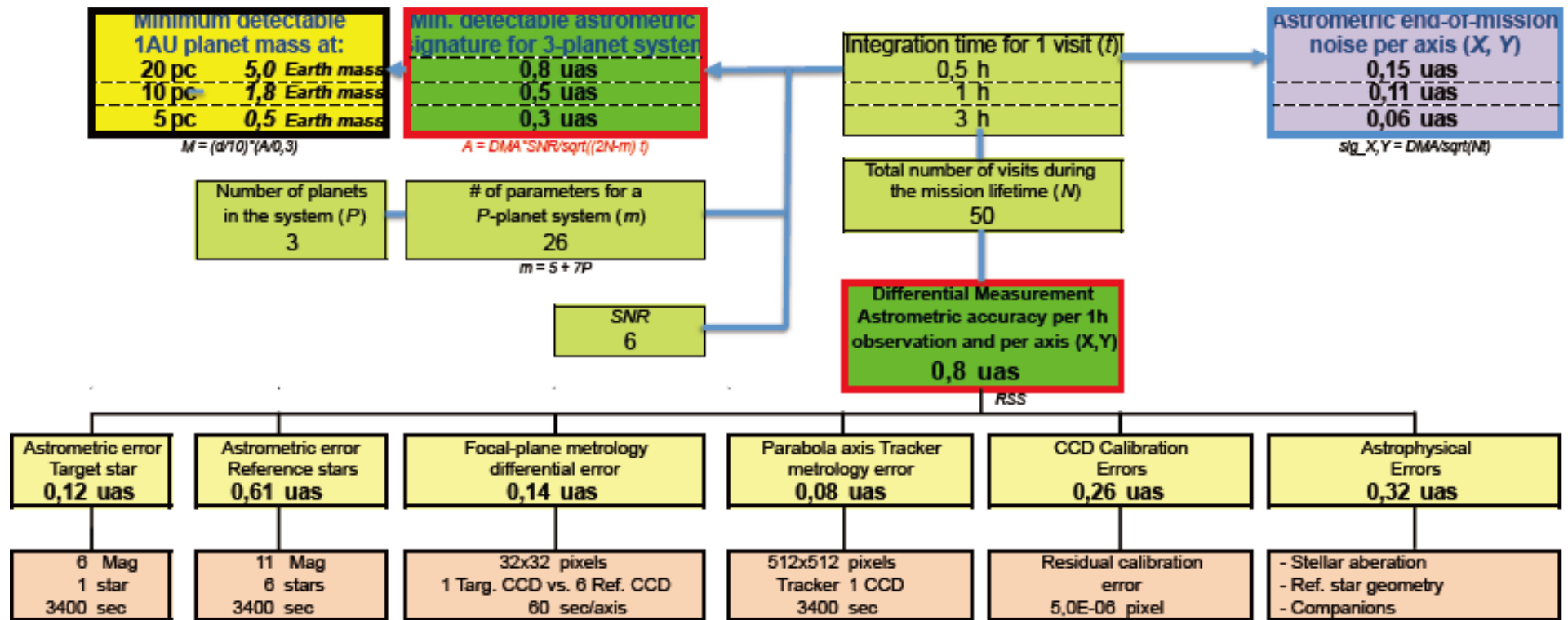
11/19/2013

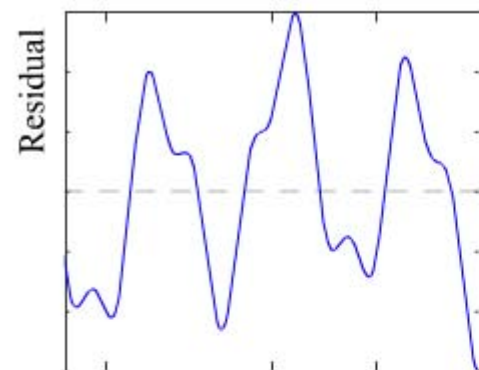
Remarks

- **A big STEP on Terrestrial Planet Detection**
- **A Giant STEP on Space Astrometry**
- **An important STEP for Chinese Space Science and Exploration**
- **An Opportunity to STEP in the front of Planetary Science**
- **International collaboration are welcome!**

Extra Slide

Error budget (NEAT/STEP)





$\tau(\text{day})$

